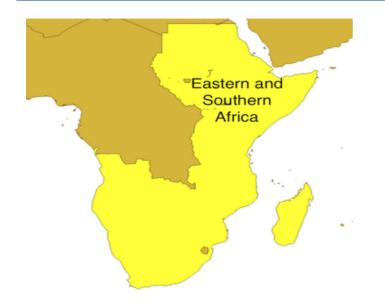


Comprehensive School Safety

Eastern & Southern Africa



Regional Overview							
United Nations Member States	25						
Submitted Surveys	7						
Countries and Territories Represented	7						
Validated Responses	4 (57%)						

Policy Overview 2024

Countries Endorsing Frameworks							
—	Endorser of the Comprehensive School Safety Framework	4 (57%)					
Ö	Endorser of the Safe Schools Declaration	3 (43%)					

Country Responses

Ethiopia, Lesotho, Madagascar, Namibia, South Sudan, Uganda, Zimbabwe



These findings are the result of a comprehensive school safety policy survey undertaken by GADRRRES and its members from July to November 2024. Responses are self-reported by governments and partner organisations. Some countries had an appropriate authority, for example an official in the Ministry of Education, also validate the responses.

For full report findings, including national profile reports that have been released to the public, visit https://gadrrres.net/css-policy-survey/css-policy-survey-2024 Not all countries release their reports to the public.

This regional profile report summarises the percentage of responding countries for survey questions and responses. In the report tables, # refers to the number of countries that responded to the question. Aggregate reports are generated once 25% of a region's countries have submitted a survey.

For more information on region definitions and survey questions used in this report see the last page of this report. For more information about Comprehensive School Safety Targets and Indicators, see https://gadrrres.net/css-targets-and-indicators/



Disaster Risk Reduction & Resilience in the Education Sector





Risks and Impacts Affecting Education Sector

	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)						
	Damage	Closures	Injuries	Deaths			
Earthquakes, landslides, rock falls, avalanches and similar	43%	43%	29%	14%			
Tsunami	0%	0%	0%	0%			
Flooding, coastal erosion, sea level rise	100%	86%	29%	29%			
Wildfire, bushfire	29%	29%	14%	14%			
Building fire	57%	57%	29%	29%			
Extreme temperatures	0%	29%	29%	0%			
Strong winds, storms, or cyclones	71%	57%	43%	43%			
Biological and health hazards	0%	57%	57%	43%			
War, conflict, or armed attacks on schools	57%	57%	57%	43%			
Bullying and violence	14%	29%	71%	14%			
Technological hazards	14%	14%	14%	0%			
Everyday dangers and threats	14%	14%	43%	14%			
Climate change impacts, in general, or the exacerbation of other risks due to climate change	71%	57%	57%	43%			



Data Collection on Impacts

	Responding Countries, %										
	•	Tracked Consistently (# = 7)		Data disaggregated							
	No Somewhat Yes		(#)	Somewhat	Age, gender, & disability						
	\bigotimes	V	\bigodot		×	\bigcirc					
Deaths at school	43%	29%	29%	7	14%	0%					
Serious injuries at school	43%	43%	14%	7	29%	14%					
Illnesses and disease outbreaks	29%	57%	14%	7	0%	14%					
Schools heavily damaged or destroyed	14%	43%	43%								

Access to Education

None X Limited Yes V												
		Responding Countries, %										
	Gender				Disability		Immigrants and refugees		Minorities			
	\bigotimes	V		\bigotimes	V	\bigcirc	\bigotimes	V		\bigotimes	×	
Access to education	(# = 7)		(# = 7)		(# = 7)		(# = 7)					
protected	0%	14%	86%	0%	14%	86%	14%	14%	71%	14%	14%	71%
		(# = 7)			(# = 7)			(# = 6)			(# = 5)	
Enrollment equity	0%	29%	71%	14%	14%	71%	17%	17%	67%	20%	60%	20%
Needs considered in		(# = 7)			(# = 7)			(# = 7)			(# = 7)	
planning	0%	29%	71%	0%	43%	57%	14%	43%	43%	29%	43%	29%



Funding

No funding -- Inconsistent \$ Consistent, but insufficient \$\$ Sufficient \$\$\$

	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)						
		\$	\$\$	\$\$\$			
Safe school construction	0%	57%	29%	0%			
Response preparedness	14%	57%	14%	0%			
Health, nutrition and well-being	0%	43%	43%	0%			
Child protection and violence prevention	0%	71%	29%	0%			
Risk Reduction and Resilience Education Programming	0%	57%	29%	0%			
Disaster recovery	0%	57%	29%	0%			
Education in emergencies	29%	29%	29%	0%			
Climate change adaptation	0%	57%	29%	0%			



Enabling Systems and Policies

No.	☆☆☆☆	***	★★☆☆	****	****	Comprehensive School Safety Indicators
A1 (5 questions)	0%	0%	57%	29%	14%	Enabling policies and legal frameworks address comprehensive school safety for all hazards and risks.
A2 (11 questions)	0%	29%	43%	14%	14%	Child-centered risk assessment is in place at all levels in the education sector.
A3 (4 questions)	0%	14%	0%	29%	57%	Education authority provides effective leadership and coordination for comprehensive school safety.
A4 (9 questions)	0%	29%	43%	29%	0%	Sustained funding is in place to reduce education sector risks, maintain educational continuity and support risk reduction and resilience programming.
A5 (10 questions)	0%	0%	71%	14%	14%	Monitoring and evaluation of comprehensive school safety is based upon data and evidence.



Policy and Leadership

	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)				
	Not addressed	Weak or unenforced	Robust and enforced		
Policy	\bigotimes	Ø	\bigotimes		
Safer learning facilities	0%	86%	14%		
School safety management	0%	100%	0%		
Educational continuity management	0%	71%	29%		
Risk reduction and resilience education	14%	57%	29%		
Education sector climate change adaptation and mitigation	14%	57%	29%		

			Responding Countries, %				
		None	Voluntary	Designated			
Focal Point	(#)	\bigotimes	Ø	\bigodot			
Safer learning facilities	7	14%	0%	86%			
School safety management	7	14%	0%	86%			
Educational continuity management	7	0%	0%	100%			
Risk reduction and resilience education	7	14%	0%	86%			
Education sector climate change adaptation and mitigation	7	29%	0%	71%			



Pillar 1: Policies for Safer Learning Facilities

No.	****	***	★★ ☆☆	****	****	Comprehensive School Safety Indicators
B1 (11 questions)	0%	0%	29%	43%	29%	Regulation and monitoring systems guide the safe site selection, design and construction of new schools.
B2 (9 questions)	0%	0%	57%	43%	0%	Existing unsafe schools are systematically identified and upgraded or replaced (including WASH facilities).
B3 (4 questions)	29%	0%	57%	14%	0%	Education authorities promote routine maintenance and non-structural mitigation for increased safety and protection of school occupants and investments.
B4 (5 questions)	29%	14%	14%	29%	14%	Policies and planning limit disruption of education due to use of schools as temporary shelters or collective centers, during the school year.
B5 (2 questions)	0%	43%	43%	0%	14%	Children are protected from death, injury and harm on the way to school.



New School Construction

	Risl	Risk Addressed in Regulations, % (# = 7)								
	No	Somewhat	Robust	Unknown or Not Applicable						
Risk	\bigotimes	 Image: A start of the start of	\checkmark	\bigcirc						
Flood	0%	14%	71%	14%						
Wildfire	0%	29%	43%	29%						
Sea level rise	0%	29%	43%	29%						
Earthquakes	0%	29%	43%	29%						
Building fire	0%	29%	71%	0%						
High winds	0%	29%	57%	14%						
Extreme temperatures	0%	57%	43%	0%						

Policy for Schools as Shelter



		Responding Countries, %				
		No	Being developed	Yes		
Policies or Guidance	(#)	\bigotimes	V	\bigcirc		
Identification of schools for shelter	7	57%	29%	14%		
Educational continuity	7	43%	29%	29%		
Student safety	7	43%	29%	29%		
Reimbursement for costs	7	43%	29%	29%		



School Retrofit & Replacement

	Responding Countries, %				
	None	Limited	Systematic		
	$\bigotimes \bigotimes \bigotimes$				
Assessment & prioritization: (№_)	0%	43%	57%		

	Responding Countries, %					
	None	None In progress Complete				
	$\bigotimes \bigotimes \bigotimes$					
Safety Upgrades: (№_)	14%	71%	14%			



Pillar 2: School Safety & Educational Continuity Management

No.	***	***	★★ ☆☆	****	****	Comprehensive School Safety Indicators
C1 (7 questions)	0%	14%	14%	29%	43%	Education authorities have robust, participatory plans for risk management, risk reduction, and response preparedness.
C2 (10 questions)	0%	0%	29%	43%	29%	Schools have robust participatory plans for risk management, risk reduction, and response-preparedness.
C3 (14 questions)	0%	0%	0%	43%	57%	Children's rights in the education sector are equally assured for children of all gender, disability, language or cultural groups, and at all stages of development.
C4 (4 questions)	57%	14%	29%	0%	0%	Education sector has standard operating procedures and require regular drills for disasters and emergencies to improve school safety planning.
C5 (11 questions)	0%	0%	0%	43%	57%	Education sector has robust systems and policies for school health and nutrition.

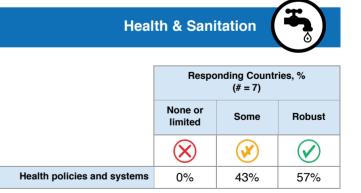


Planning Elements

		Respo	nding Count	ries, %
		Not supported	Limited guidance	Robust guidance
Guidelines support schools in:	(#)	\bigotimes	V	\bigcirc
Risk assessment	7	0%	71%	29%
Risk reduction	7	0%	57%	43%
Response preparedness	7	0%	43%	57%
Educational continuity	7	0%	43%	57%
Climate change adaptation and climate action	7	29%	43%	29%
Actively including child participation while developing plans and measures	7	14%	57%	29%
Standard operating procedures for disasters and emergencies	7	0%	43%	57%

Training and Drills

	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)		
	Not practiced	At least annually	Each term
Drills Required	\bigotimes	X	\bigcirc
Fire drills	57%	29%	14%
Other drills	57%	43%	0%
Full simulation drills	57%	14%	0%
Conducted for children of all ages and disabilities	57%	29%	0%





Pillar 3: Risk Reduction and Resilience Education

No.	***	***	★★☆☆	****	****	Comprehensive School Safety Indicators
D1 (3 questions)	0%	0%	0%	29%	71%	National Disaster Management Authority and Education Authority have nationally adopted, consensus- and evidence based, action-oriented key messages as foundation for formal and non-formal education.
D2 (4 questions)	0%	14%	29%	0%	57%	Climate-aware risk reduction, resilience, and well-being education is included in regular formal curriculum.
D3 (9 questions)	0%	0%	43%	43%	14%	Non-formal education for students and families addresses climate-aware, risk reduction, resilience and well-being.
D4 (5 question)	0%	43%	29%	29%	0%	Teachers' capacity to facilitate student learning for climate-aware risk reduction, resilience, and well-being is developed and assessed.
D5 (5 question)	29%	0%	0%	0%	71%	Student learning outcomes for climate-aware risk reduction, resilience, and well-being education are monitored and evaluated.
D6 (5 question)	14%	0%	0%	14%	71%	Schools have sufficient education materials for teaching risk reduction, resilience, and well being.

National Curriculum

	Responding Countries, %								
	(#)	Content Coverage			Student learning assessed			Teachers trained	
		Primary	Secondary	(#)	Primary	Secondary	(#)	Available for some	Mandatory
						\bigcirc		Ø	\checkmark
Disaster risk reduction	7	71%	71%	7	57%	57%	7	71%	14%
Climate change, action, justice and the environment	7	71%	71%	7	71%	71%	7	43%	29%
Education for sustainable development	7	57%	43%	7	71%	71%	7	57%	29%
Health and well-being	7	86%	86%	7	71%	71%	7	71%	14%
Social-emotional learning	7	57%	57%	7	71%	71%	7	71%	14%

 \leq

Pillar 3: Risk Reduction and Resilience Education

National Key I	Messages
	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)
National Disaster Management Authority and Education authorities have nationally adopted, consensus- and evidence- based, action-oriented key messages	14%

National Key Messages				
Adaptation and Use	(#)	Responding Countries, %		
Adapted for disabilities	7	100%		
Available for linguistic minorities	7	71%		
Used as foundation for formal education in schools	7	43%		
Used for non-formal education	7	43%		



Non-formal Education

	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)			
Content Area	In school assemblies and experiential learning	In classrooms at teacher's discretion	In school clubs, after school activities and other extra- curricular activities	
Disaster risk reduction	57%	71%	100%	
Climate change, action, justice and the environment	43%	71%	100%	
Sustainable development	43%	71%	43%	
Health and well-being	71%	71%	86%	
Social-emotional learning	43%	71%	86%	



Outreach to Families

	Responding Countries, % (# = 7)				
	None or very few schools	Some schools	Most or all schools		
Content Area	\bigotimes	(\bigcirc		
Disaster risk reduction	57%	14%	29%		
Climate change, action, justice and the environment	43%	14%	29%		
Health and well-being	29%	43%	29%		
Social-emotional learning	29%	43%	29%		



Regional Report Definitions and Question Links

Region	Countries within Region
Africa	Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe
Asia and the Pacific	Afghanistan, Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Japan, Kiribati, North Korea, South Korea, Laos, Malaysia, Maldives, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Pakistan, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Samoa, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, Viet Nam
Eastern Europe and Central Asia	Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Estonia, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Montenegro, Poland, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Tajikistan, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan
Latin America & the Caribbean	Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela
Middle East and North Africa	Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen
Western & Northern Europe & North America	

Page	Section	Relevant Survey Questions*
2	Risks and Impacts	X12
2	Data Collection on Impacts	O1, A5.1
3	Access to Education	C3.1, C3.2, C3.3
3	Funding	A4.1
4	Indicator Stars	Indicator A1: A1.2; Indicator A2: A2.1, A2.2, A2.3, A2.4; Indicator A3: A3.2; Indicator A4: A4.1; Indicator A5: A5.1, A5.2
4	Policy and Leadership	A1.2, A3.2
5	Indicator Stars	Indicator B1: B1.1, B1.2, B1.4; Indicator B2: B2.1, B2.2; Indicator B3: B3.1; Indicator B4: B4.1, B4.2; Indicator B5: B5.1, B5.2
5	New School Construction	B1.1, B1.2
5	Policy for Schools as Shelter	B4.1, B4.2
5	School Retrofit & Replacement	B2.1, B2.2
6	Indicator Stars	Indicator C1: C1.1, C1.2; Indicator C2: C2.1, C2.4; Indicator C3: C3.1, C3.2, C3.3; Indicator C4: C4.1; Indicator C5: C5.1, C5.2, C5.3
6	Planning Elements	C2
6	Training and Drills	C4
6	Health & Sanitation	C5.2
7	Indicator Stars	Indicator D1: D1.1, D1.2; Indicator D2: D2.5; Indicator D3: D3.1, D3.2; Indicator D4: D4.1; Indicator D5: C5.1; Indicator D6: D6.1
7	National Curriculum	D2.5, D4.1
8	National Key Messages	D1.1, D1.2
8	Non-formal Education	D3.1
8	Outreach to Families	D3.2

*To review full text of survey questions, see survey question previews, available in multiple languages, at: <u>https://gadrrres.net/css-policy-survey/css-policy-survey-2024</u>